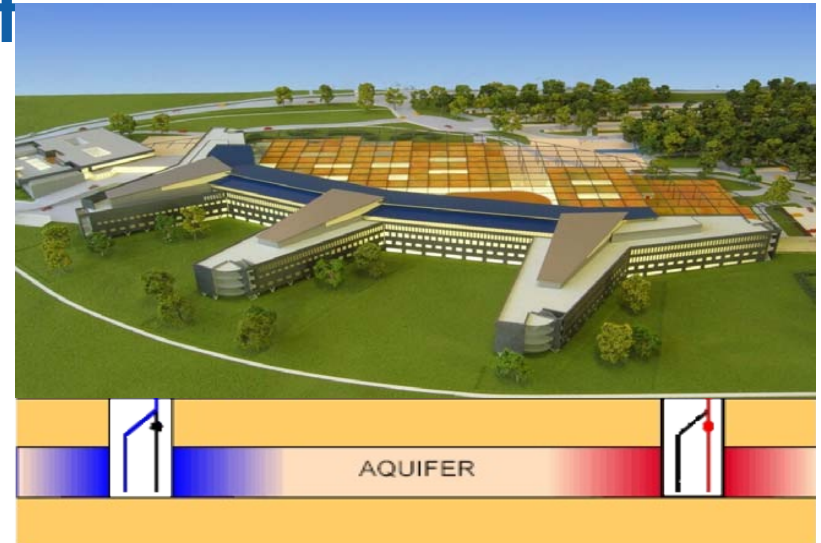


Energy Saving Potential of Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage Systems

Director: ir. A.W. Jansen MBA
Deerns Consulting Engineers



4th European Conference on Healthcare Engineering, Paris

How bright and green is our future?



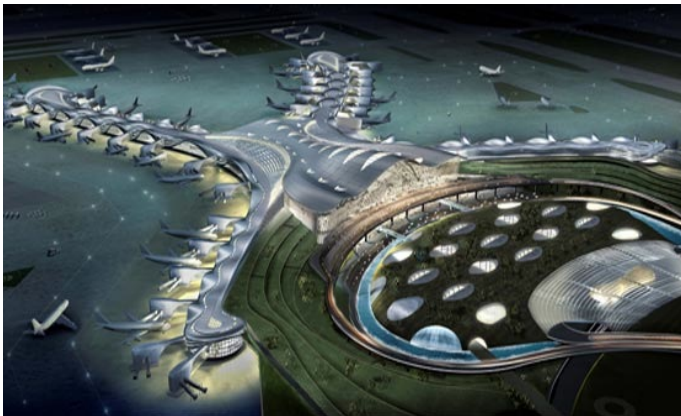
Earth during night

Agenda

- ▶ Introduction Deerns
- ▶ Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage
- ▶ Sustainable Hospital Design

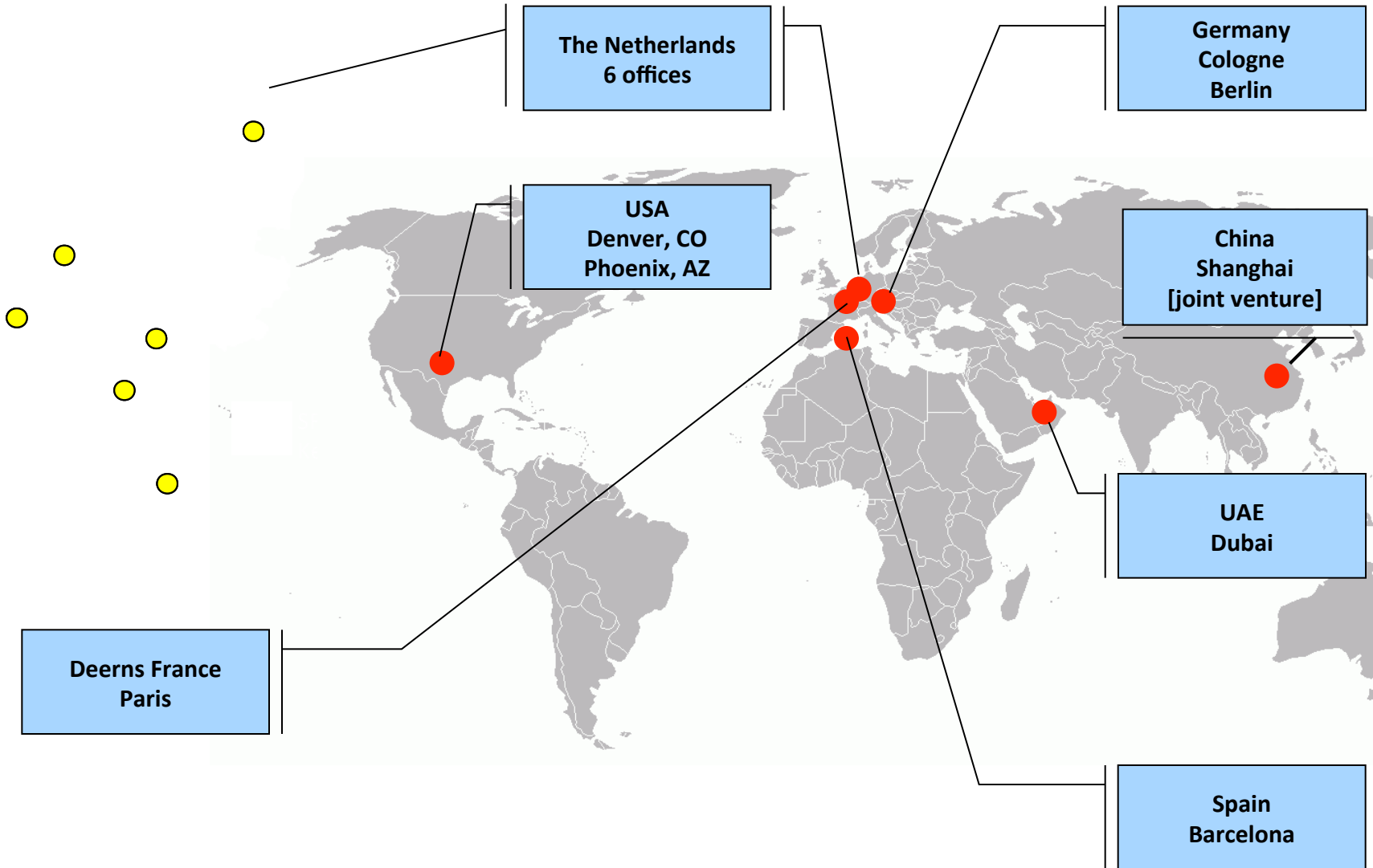


Introduction



Deerns Consulting Engineers

- ▶ International leading firm
- ▶ Designing all techniques of buildings
- ▶ Markets include:
 - Healthcare
 - Offices
 - Airports
 - Datacenters and laboratories



Sustainable design

People



Create a comfortable and safe indoor environment by applying our extensive expertise on building physics

Planet



Combining our experience and creativity to create practical solutions for green buildings

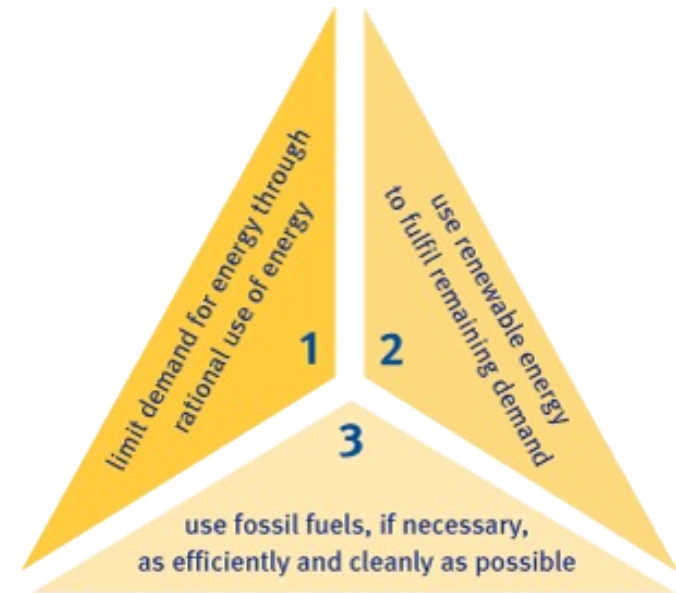
Profit



Decisions are based on life cycle cost analyses, taking into account the effects on people and planet

The Green Challenge

- ▶ Minimize the Demand
- ▶ Use Renewable Sources
- ▶ Produce and Utilize Energy and Water as Efficiently as Possible



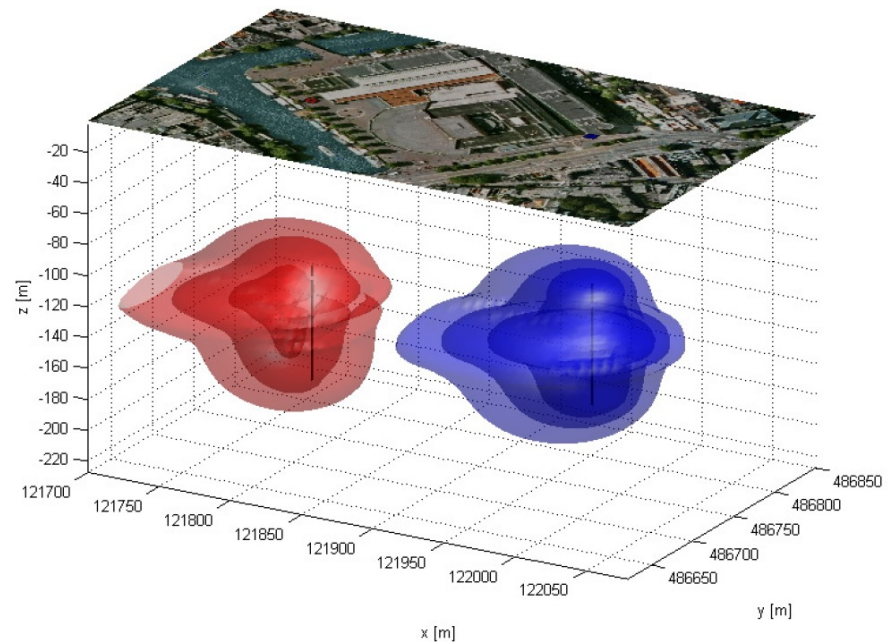
Trias Energetica

The Argument

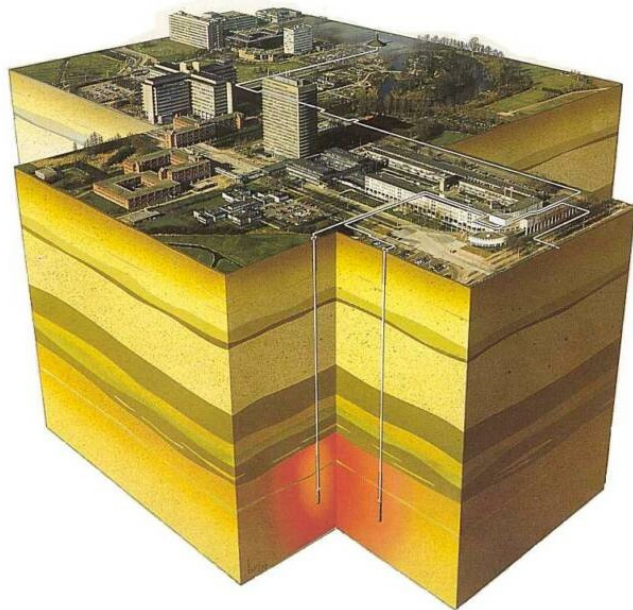
- ▶ Highest Profit and Green Rating

Potential of Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage

- ▶ Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage (ATES)
- ▶ Implementation in the Netherlands
- ▶ Feasibility in France



Sustainable Earth Technology



20 m Closed Ground Heat Exchangers

25 - 250 m Open Aquifer Systems

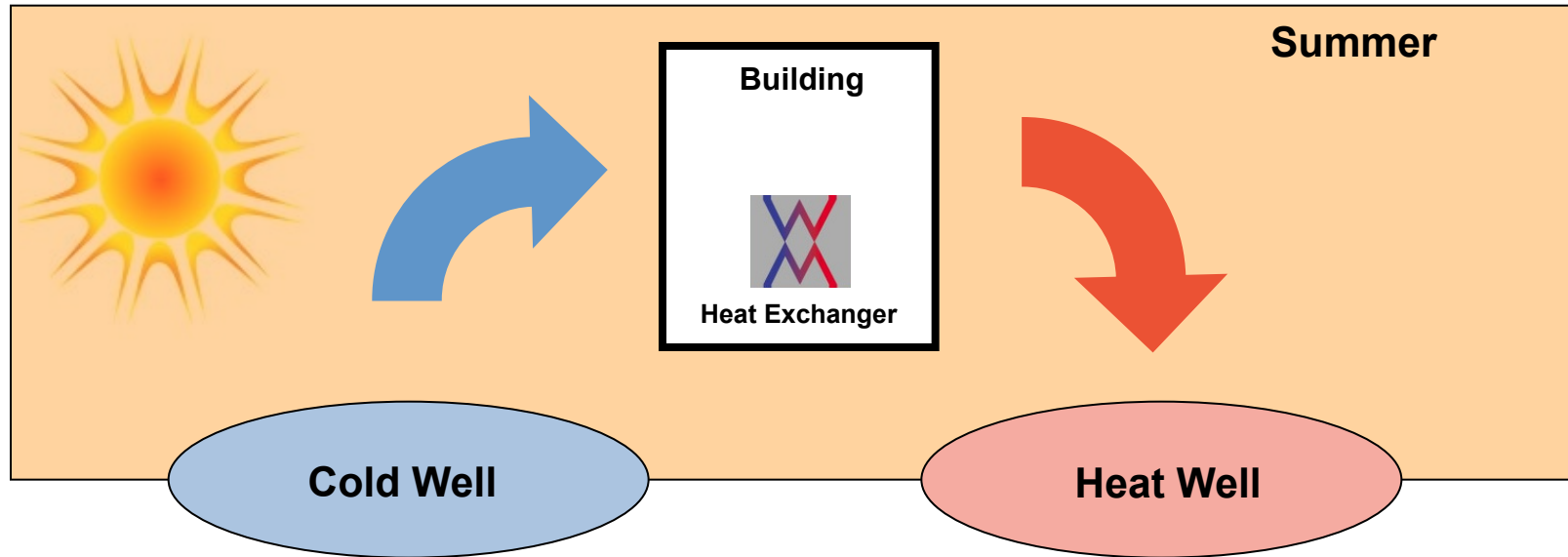
2 - 6 km Deep Geothermal Energy

Potential of Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage

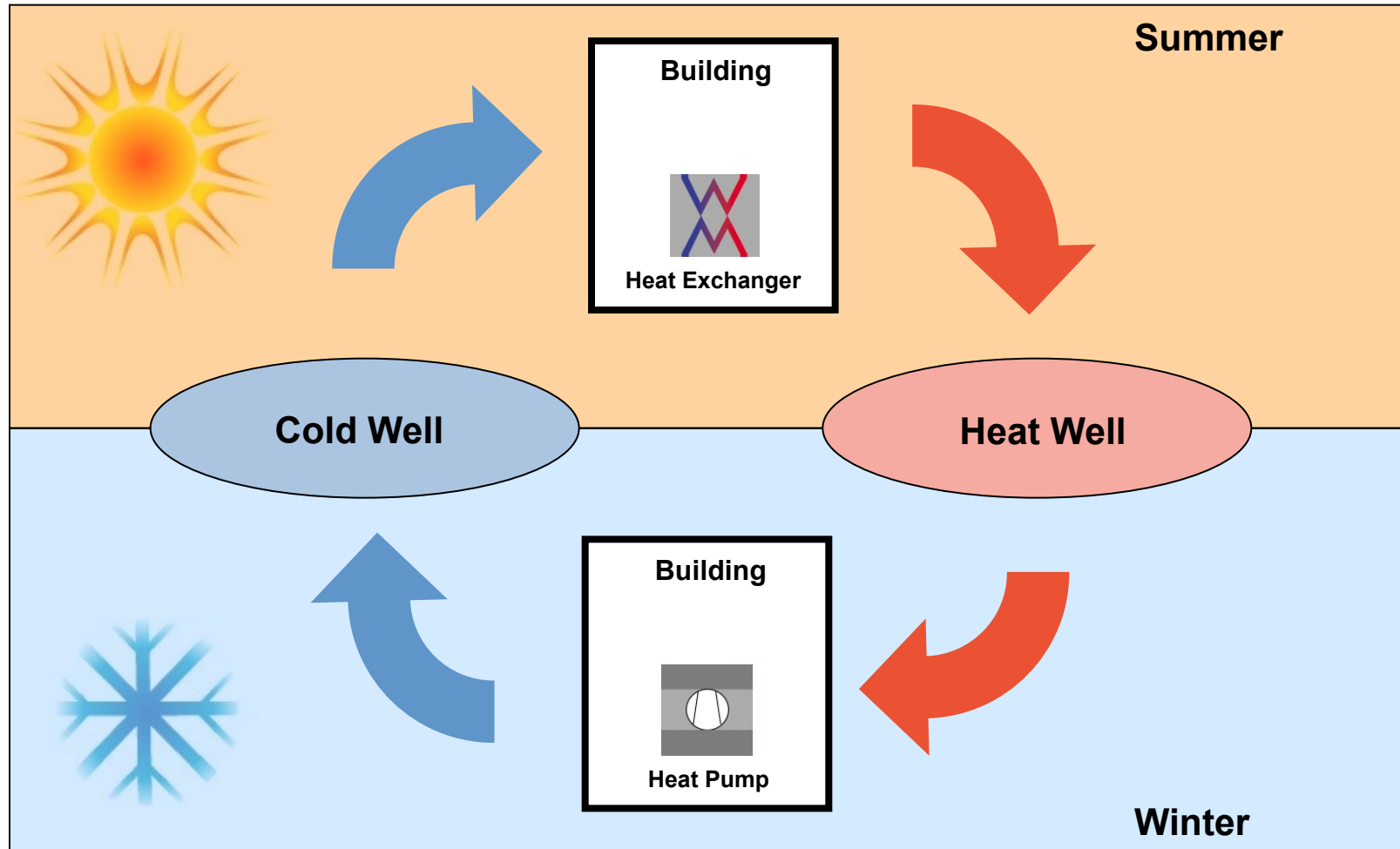
► Proven Technology

- ATES-System with Heat Pump Technology
- Seasonal Storage of Heat and Cold
- Suited for Low Temperature Heating (40 °C) and High Temperature Cooling (16 °C)
- Standard solution for new constructions in the Netherlands

Principle ATES

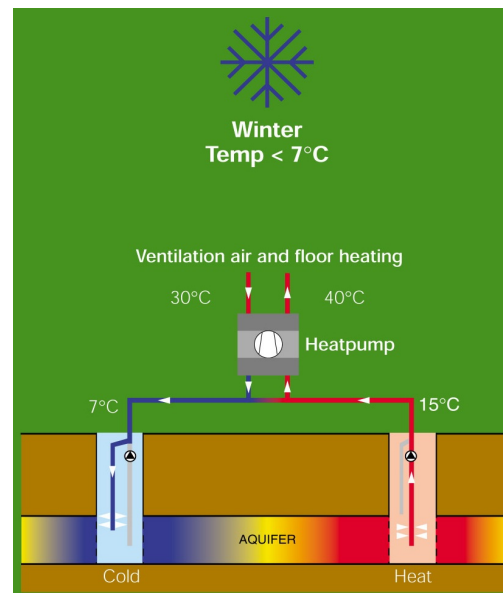
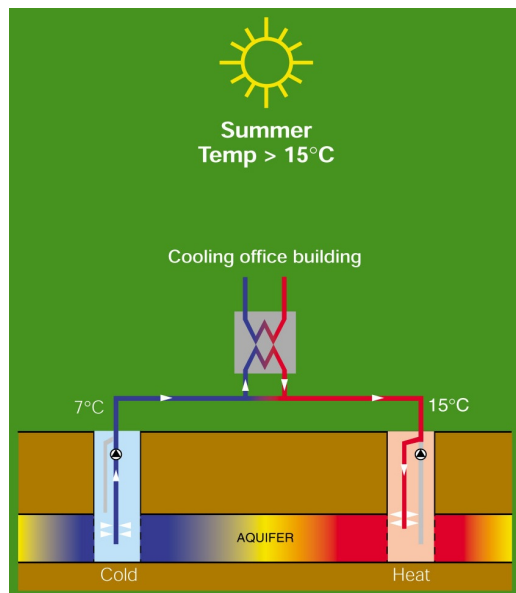


Principle ATES



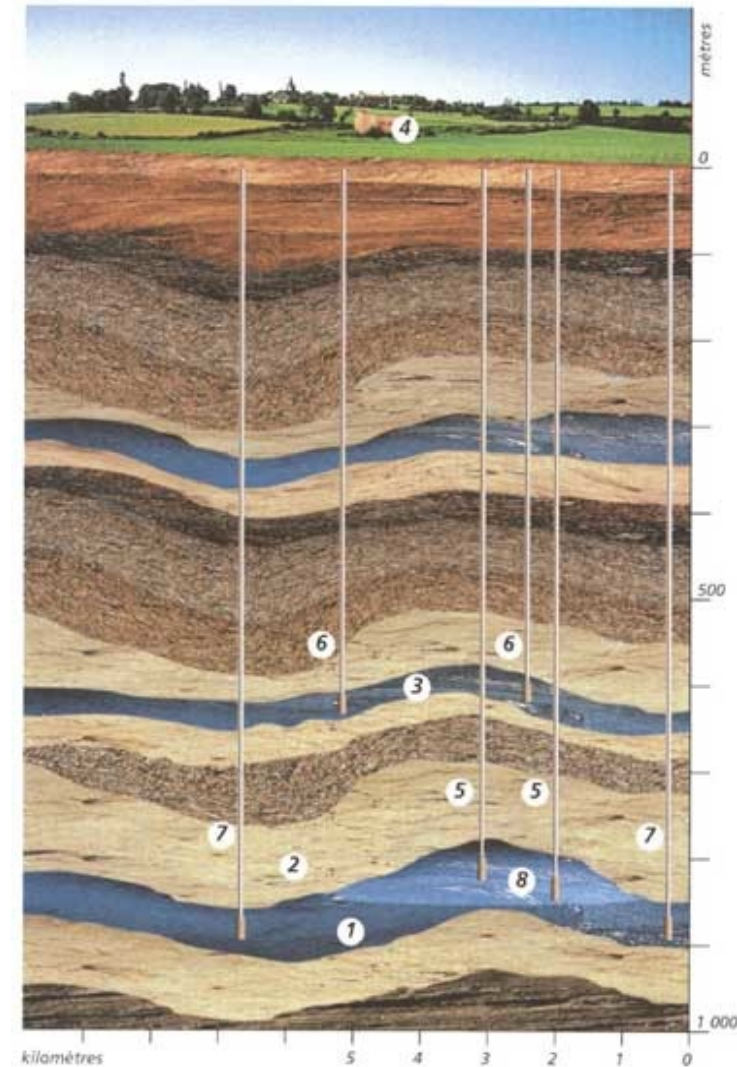
Typical temperature ranges

- ▶ Cold well 7-10 °C
- ▶ Heat well 18-20 °C
- ▶ Upgrading with heat pump technology to 40 °C



Requirements Aquifer

- ▶ Water Bearing Layer of permeable materials
- ▶ Typical depths 25 – 250 m
- ▶ Max. Groundwater Speed 10 m /yr
- ▶ Water Chemistry (Redox, Metals, Degassing, Oxygen, etc.)



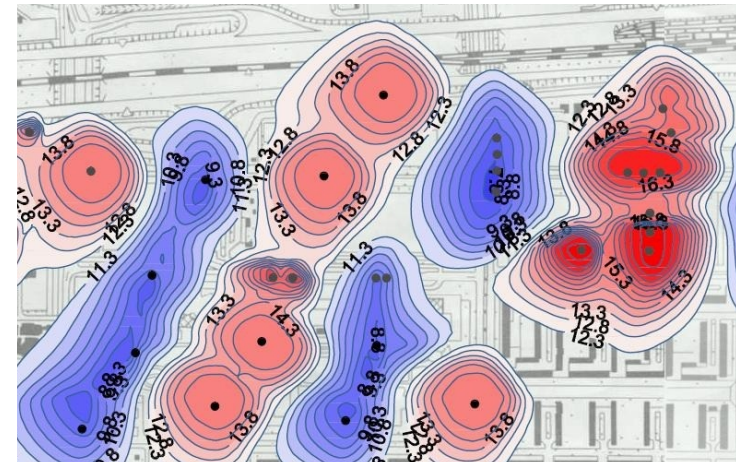
ATES Design

► Ground system

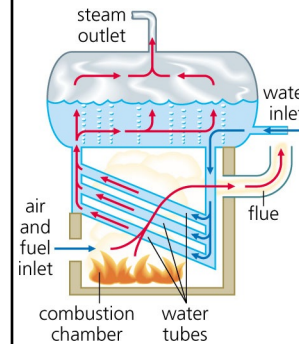
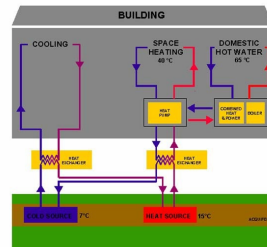
- Boreholes (doublet, mono)
- Well head and pumps
- Distance between cold and heat storage

► Building system

- Heat exchanger
- Heat pump
- Integrated controls



ATES in Numbers

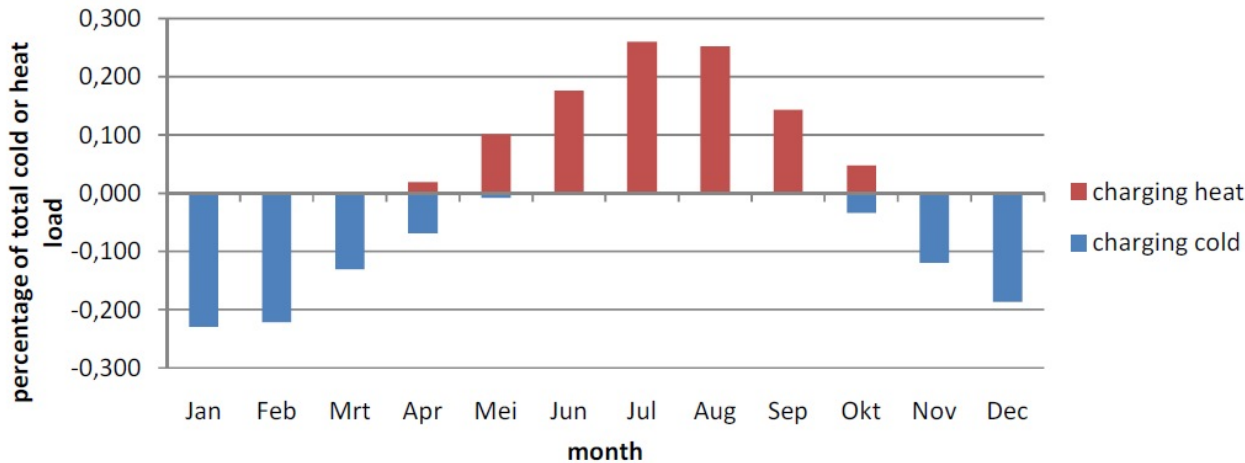
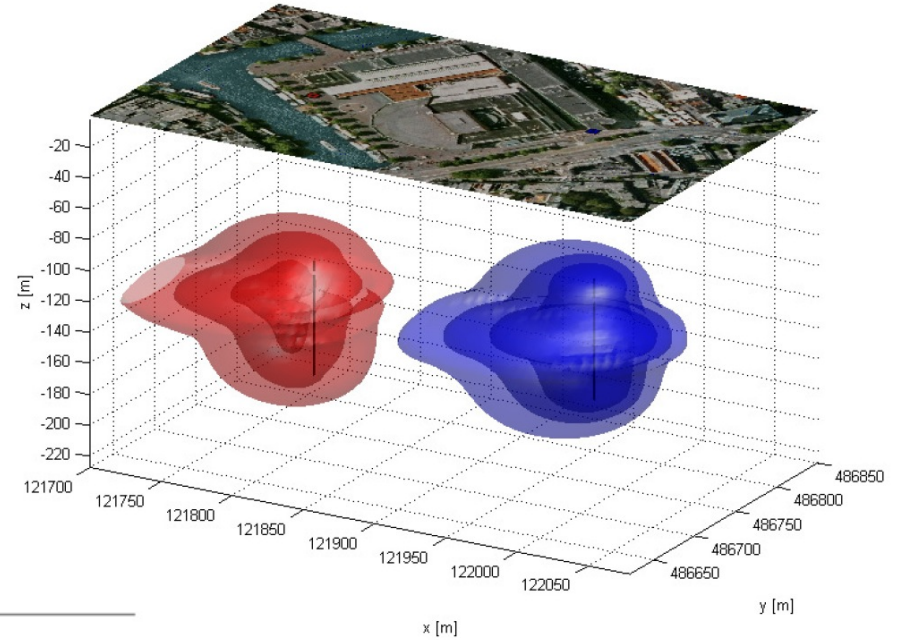


	ATES- Technology with Heat pump	Traditional	Energy Savings
Cooling	8	1.2	Ca. 85%
Heating	2	0.9	Ca. 50%

PER: Primary Energy Rating

Seasonal Charging

Loading of heat / cold wells during summer / winter



ATES system

► Technology allows for:

- Sun collectors: gain extra heat in summer
- Dry coolers: gain extra cooling in winter
- Sanitation of groundwater
- Sprinkler system supply
- 40 °C heat storage instead of 25 °C → higher PER heating
- Combinations with surface water

ATES system

- ▶ Possible difficulties in operation of aquifers
 - Not enough charging of wells
 - Balancing demand over time of the building and aquifer flows
 - Design integration of building - and aquifer control system

Potential of Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage

- ▶ Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage
- ▶ **Implementation in the Netherlands**
- ▶ Feasibility in France

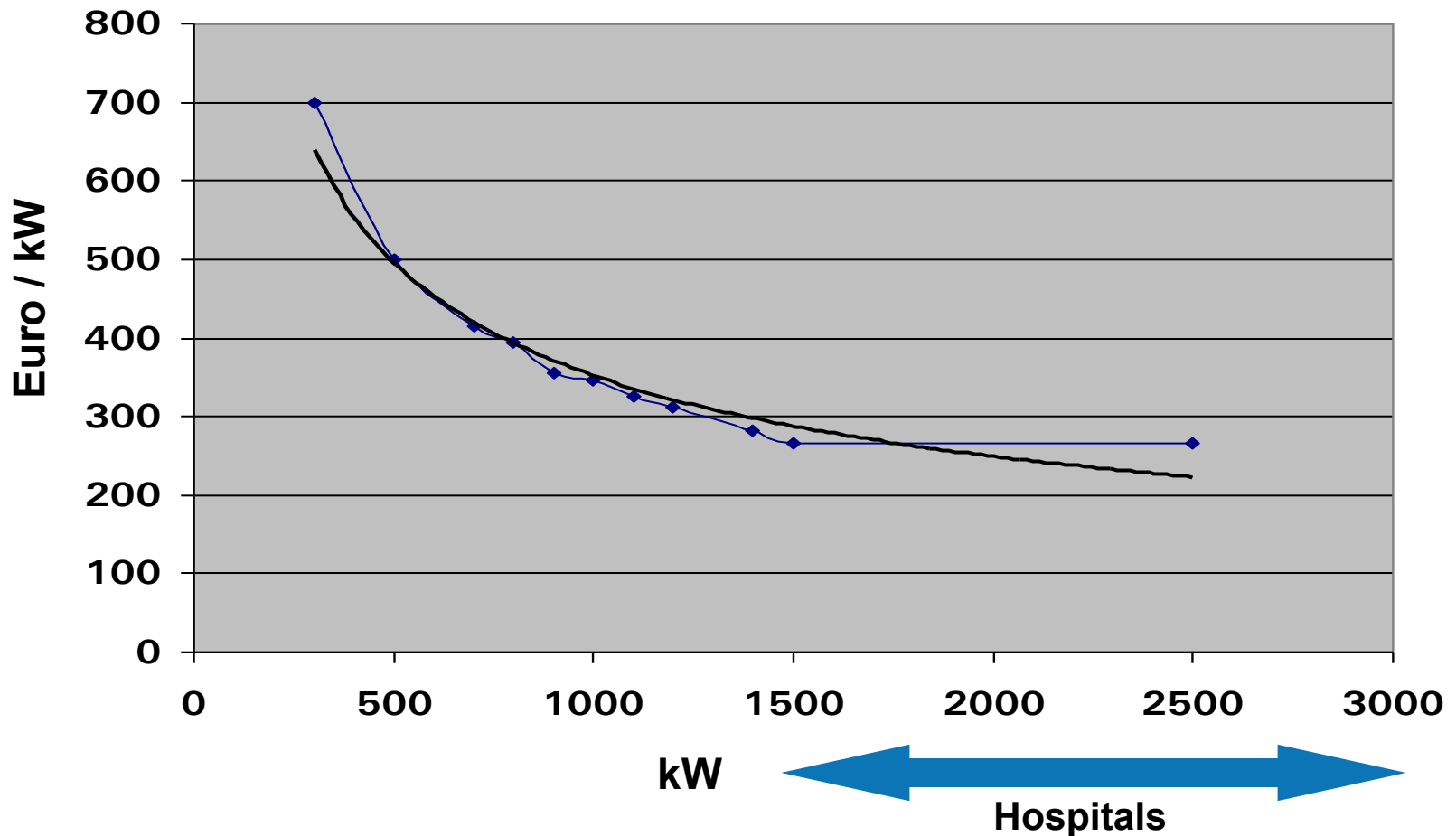
Implementation in the Netherlands

ATES systems in the Netherlands



> 1000 systems
operational

Decrease of Investment Costs for Large Systems



Implementation in the Netherlands

Deventer Hospital,
Deventer



60.000 m² gfa

Jeroen Bosch Hospital,
's Hertogenbosch



140.000 m² gfa

Martini Hospital,
Groningen



83.000 m² gfa

- ▶ 100% of total cooling demand supplied by cold storage
- ▶ 80% of total heating demand supplied by heat storage + pump
- ▶ Payback time 5 -10 years

Martini Hospital Groningen

- ▶ Construction: 2003-2007
- ▶ Sustainable design
- ▶ Flexible industrial design





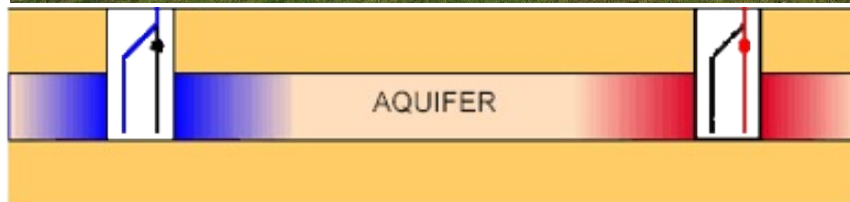
CO₂-savings per year

2 million kg CO₂ =

13,5 million car kilometers

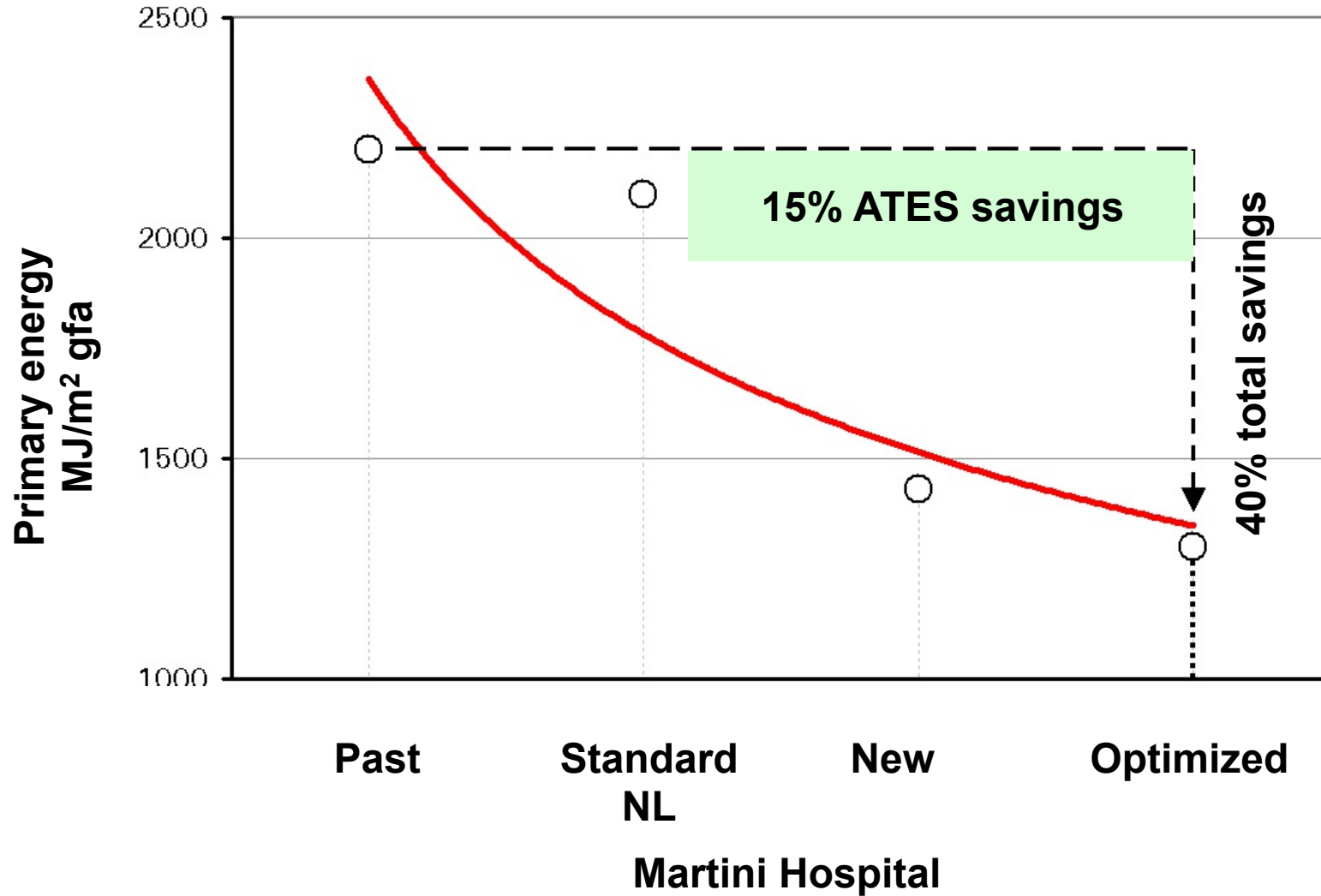
Energy Savings:

- ▶ ATES with Heat Pump Technology
- ▶ Heat Recovery Ventilation
- ▶ Energy Efficient Lighting



Cold
Storage

Heat
Storage



Sustainable Hospital Design

[Spaarne Hospital](#)



[Gelre Hospital](#)



[Reinier de Graaf Group](#)



[Isala Hospital](#)



[Jeroen Bosch Hospital](#)



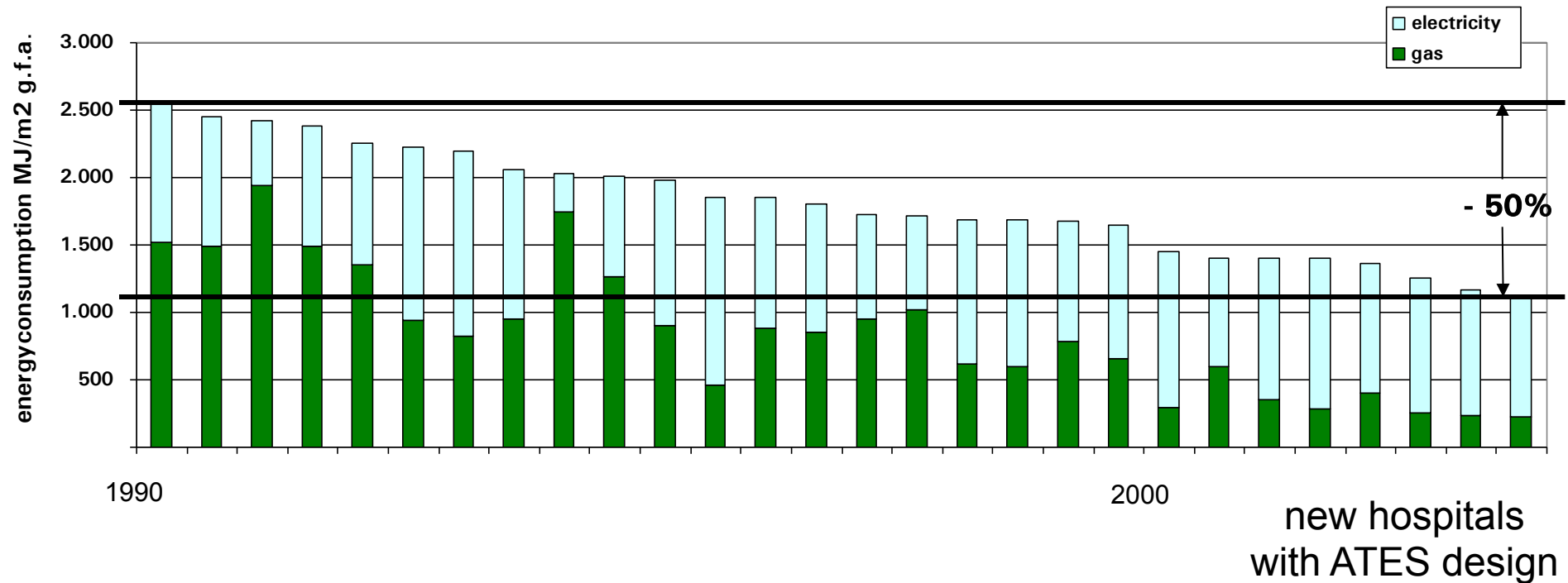
[Deventer Hospital](#)



[Martini Hospital](#)



Performance of hospitals designed by Deerns



Example of combined ATES



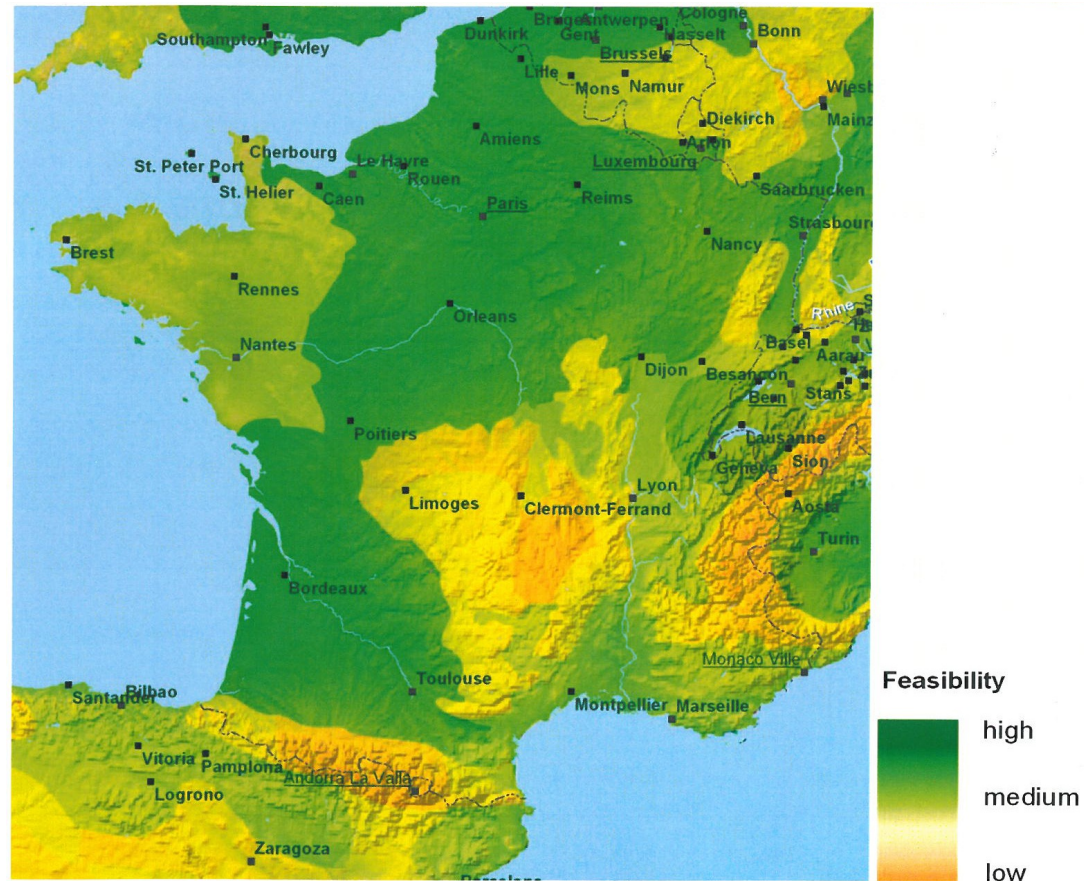
Philips High Tech Campus

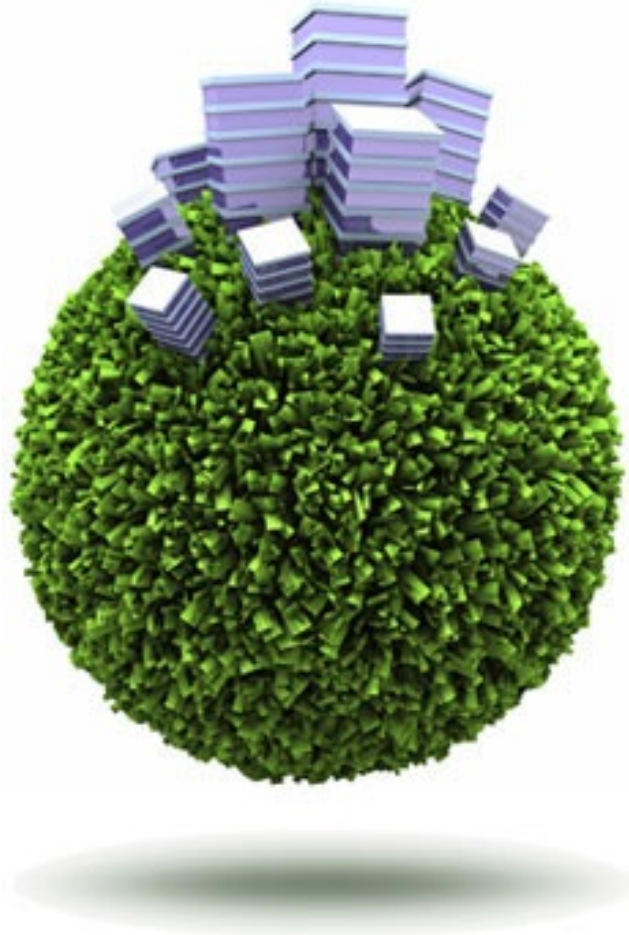
- ▶ Largest in the world: 15 MW
- ▶ 30-50% reduction in gas consumptions
- ▶ 170.000 m² new and 40.000 m² refurbished

Potential of Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage

- ▶ Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage
- ▶ Implementation in the Netherlands
- ▶ **Feasibility in France**

Feasibility of ATEs in France





Aquifer Thermal Energy Storage:

**High energy savings
with proven technology for
new and existing hospitals**